

**FEDERAL MILK ORDER PRICE AND POOL SUMMARY, JUNE**

**HIGHLIGHTS.** Handler reports of receipts and utilization under the Federal milk order system for June have been filed and tabulated. Combined totals for the 11 consolidated orders are being released. During June, about 10.3 billion pounds of milk were received from producers. This volume of milk is 7.7 percent higher than the June 2000 volume. (Taking into account the volume of milk not pooled due to intraorder disadvantageous price relationships, the year-to-year change is +4.4 percent.) About 3.6 billion pounds of producer milk were used in Class I products, 1.3 percent lower than the previous year. Calendar composition likely had a slight negative impact on milk used in Class I in 2001 as compared to 2000. The all-market average Class utilization percentages were; Class I = 35%, Class II = 10%, Class III = 46%, and Class IV = 9%. The weighted average statistical uniform price was \$16.36 per cwt., \$0.81 higher than last month, and \$4.17 higher than last year.

| PRICE AND POOL STATISTICS FOR FEDERAL MILK ORDER MARKETING AREAS FOR THE MONTH OF JUNE 2001 |               |                           |                        |   |                        |         |   |           |          |                         |
|---|---------------|---------------------------|------------------------|---|------------------------|---------|---|-----------|----------|-------------------------|
| FEDERAL MILK ORDER MARKETING AREA <u>1/</u>   | ORDER NUMBER  | RECEIPTS OF PRODUCER MILK |                        | UTILIZATION OF PRODUCER MILK IN CLASS I |                        |         | UTILIZATION OF PRODUCER MILK IN OTHER CLASSES |           |          | UNIFORM PRICE <u>2/</u> |
|   |               | TOTAL                     | CHANGE FROM PREV. YEAR | TOTAL                                   | CHANGE FROM PREV. YEAR | PERCENT | CLASS II                                      | CLASS III | CLASS IV |                         |
|   |               | MIL. LBS.                 | PERCENT                | MIL. LBS.                               | PERCENT                |         | PERCENT                                       |           |          | \$ PER CWT.             |
| Northeast (Boston)  | 001           | 2,066.6                   | 6.0                    | 840.9                                   | 2.6                    | 41      | 16  | 34        | 10       | 17.08                   |
| Appalachian (Charlotte)   | 005           | 582.0                     | 4.3                    | 338.9                                   | -2.5                   | 58      | 19  | 14        | 9        | 17.33                   |
| Southeast (Atlanta)   | 007           | 631.0                     | 4.4                    | 380.3                                   | -2.1                   | 60      | 14  | 20        | 6        | 17.28                   |
| Florida (Tampa)   | 006           | 222.1                     | -2.7                   | 202.7                                   | 0.1                    | 91      | 7   | 2         | 0        | 18.89                   |
| Mideast (Cleveland)   | 033 <u>3/</u> | 1,585.7                   | 42.3                   | 509.4                                   | -2.3                   | 32      | 11  | 51        | 6        | 15.97                   |
| Upper Midwest (Chicago)   | 030 <u>3/</u> | 1,513.8                   | -21.7                  | 300.0                                   | -8.3                   | 20      | 3   | 76        | 1        | 15.52                   |
| Central (Kansas City)   | 032 <u>3/</u> | 1,572.1                   | 14.6                   | 375.7                                   | -0.2                   | 24      | 6   | 65        | 5        | 15.79                   |
| Southwest (Dallas)  | 126 <u>3/</u> | 753.3                     | 17.1                   | 309.6                                   | -1.4                   | 41      | 10  | 37        | 11       | 16.85                   |
| Arizona-Las Vegas (Phoenix)   | 131           | 250.6                     | -4.0                   | 72.8                                    | -5.4                   | 29      | 4   | 42        | 25       | 15.88                   |
| Western (Salt Lake City)  | 135 <u>3/</u> | 459.5                     | 20.3                   | 79.6                                    | -2.9                   | 17      | 7   | 54        | 21       | 15.67                   |
| Pacific Northwest (Seattle)   | 124 <u>3/</u> | 622.7                     | 29.9                   | 165.8                                   | -1.2                   | 27      | 7   | 34        | 32       | 15.78                   |
| <b>ALL MARKET AVERAGE OR TOTAL</b>  | <u>3/</u>     | 10,259.3                  | 7.7                    | 3,575.7                                 | -1.3                   | 35      | 10  | 46        | 9        | 16.36                   |

1/ Names in parentheses are the major city in the principal pricing point of the market.

2/ Statistical uniform price for component pricing orders (Class III price plus producer price differential). For other orders, uniform skim milk price times 0.965 plus uniform butterfat price times 3.5.

3/ Due to a disadvantageous relationship between intraorder class prices and the location adjusted statistical uniform (blend) price in these markets, handlers elected not to pool an estimated 200 million pounds of milk that normally would have been associated with these markets. In June 2000, the estimated not-pooled volume of milk was 490 million pounds. After adjusting for these not-pooled volumes, the year-to-year percent change is +4.4.