



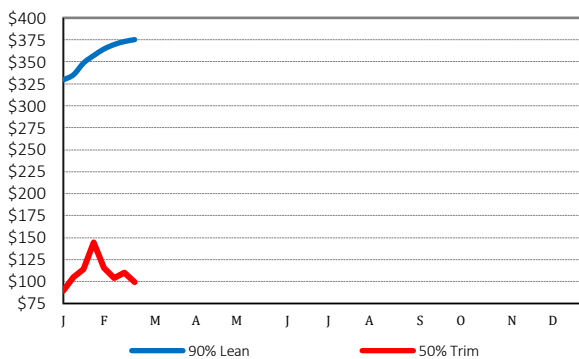
National Weekly Cow and Boneless Beef Summary

Agricultural Marketing Service
Livestock, Poultry, and Grain Market News

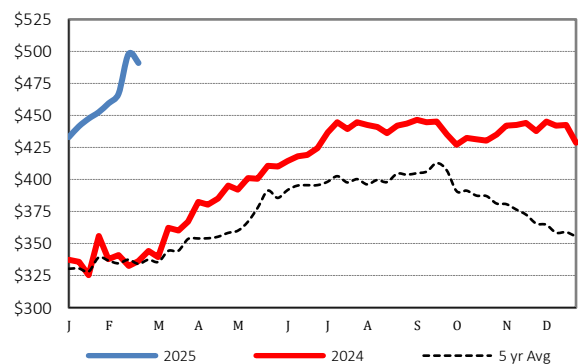
February 28, 2025

Boneless Processing Beef and Beef Trimmings					100% Lean Items				
National			Central		LM XB 461	Loads	Wtd Avg	Change	
LM XB 460	Loads	Wtd Avg	Loads	Wtd Avg	Cutter Cow Carcass Cutout		293.29	1.48	
Fresh 92-94%	3.2	400.59	3.2	400.59	Inside Rounds - Boxed	5.0	436.63	(6.86)	
Fresh 90%	30.9	378.22	13.0	380.56	Outside Rounds	3.1	415.80	0.00	
Fresh 85%	40.1	335.40	24.7	335.25	Eye of Rounds	1.5	438.53	(2.44)	
Fresh 81%	0.0	0.00	0.0	0.00	Flats and Eyes - Combos	2.0	417.28	8.52	
Fresh 65%	12.8	200.49	9.9	201.37	Striploins	7.6	517.36	9.83	
Fresh 50%	54.0	109.93			S.P.B. - Combo	4.4	421.49	4.45	
Ground Beef					Cow By-Product Drop Estimate				
LM XB 459					NW LS 444				
			Loads	Wtd Avg	CWT Live	12.95			
					CWT Dressed	27.55			
					Canadian Live Cow Prices				
					WA LS 718 Prices in US Dollars				
					Ontario			117.92	
					Alberta			134.32	
					Weekly Canadian Imports				
					WA LS 637	Week ending:		2/15/25	
					Slaughter St/Hf/Cow			14,818	
					Slaughter Bulls			159	
					YTD St/Hf/Cow			92,330	
					YTD Bulls			2,068	
Estimated Cattle Slaughter					Weekly Cow Prices - Dressed Basis				
SJ LS 710					LM CT168	Breaker	Boning	Lean	Bull
Week to Date (est)				566,000	National	260.23	267.44	271.10	301.55
Same Period Last Week (est)				569,000					
Same Period Last Year (act)				594,236					
Cow and Bull Total Through Thursday				85,000					
Previous Week Total Cow & Bull Est				104,000					

2025 90% Lean vs 50% Lean



100% Lean Inside Rounds

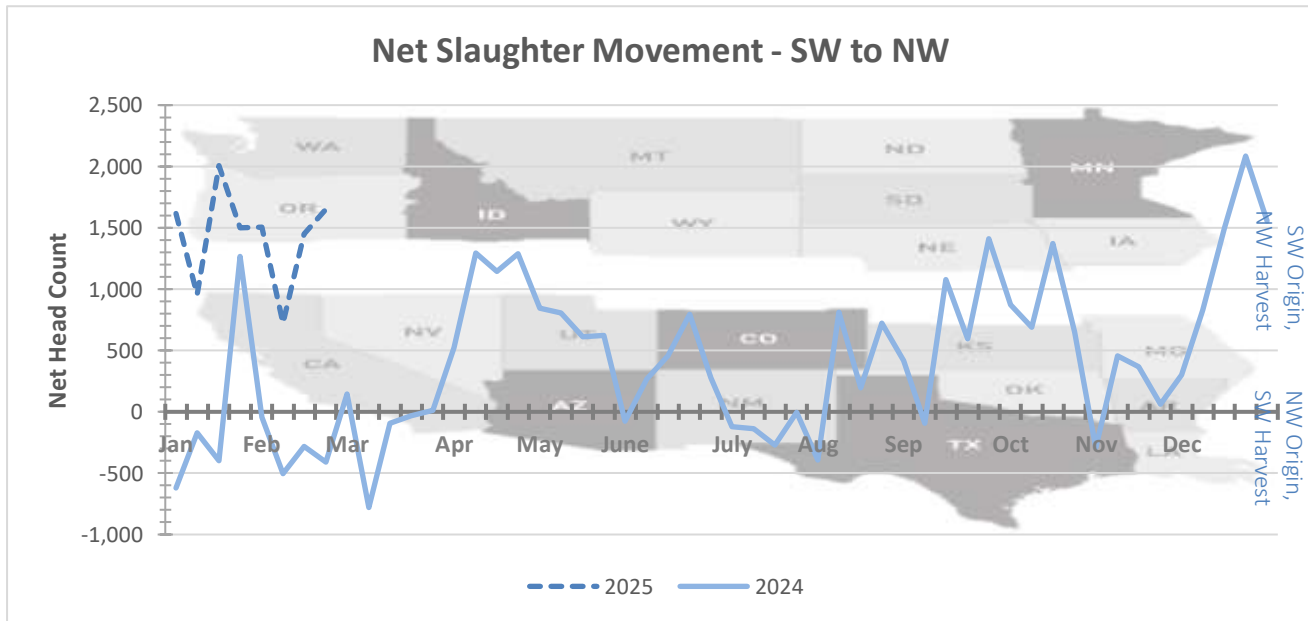


Net Slaughter Movement of Cows and Bulls

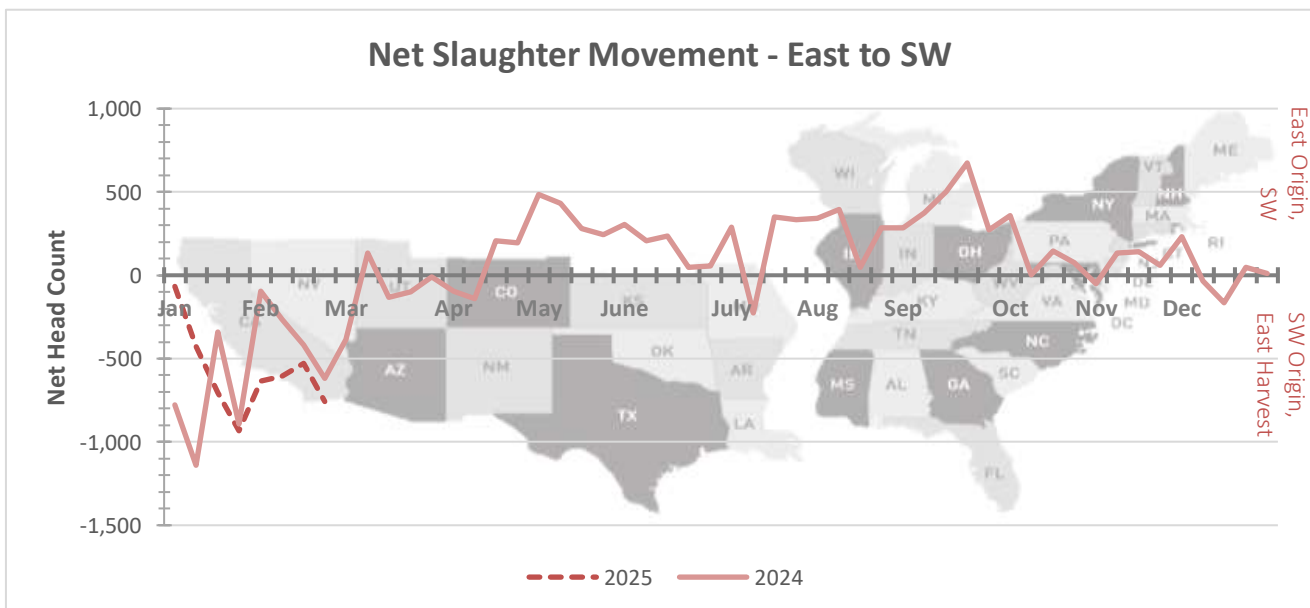
Data shown in the graphs below is derived from Livestock Mandatory Price Reporting -

[LM CT168](#) National Weekly Direct Cow and Bull Report

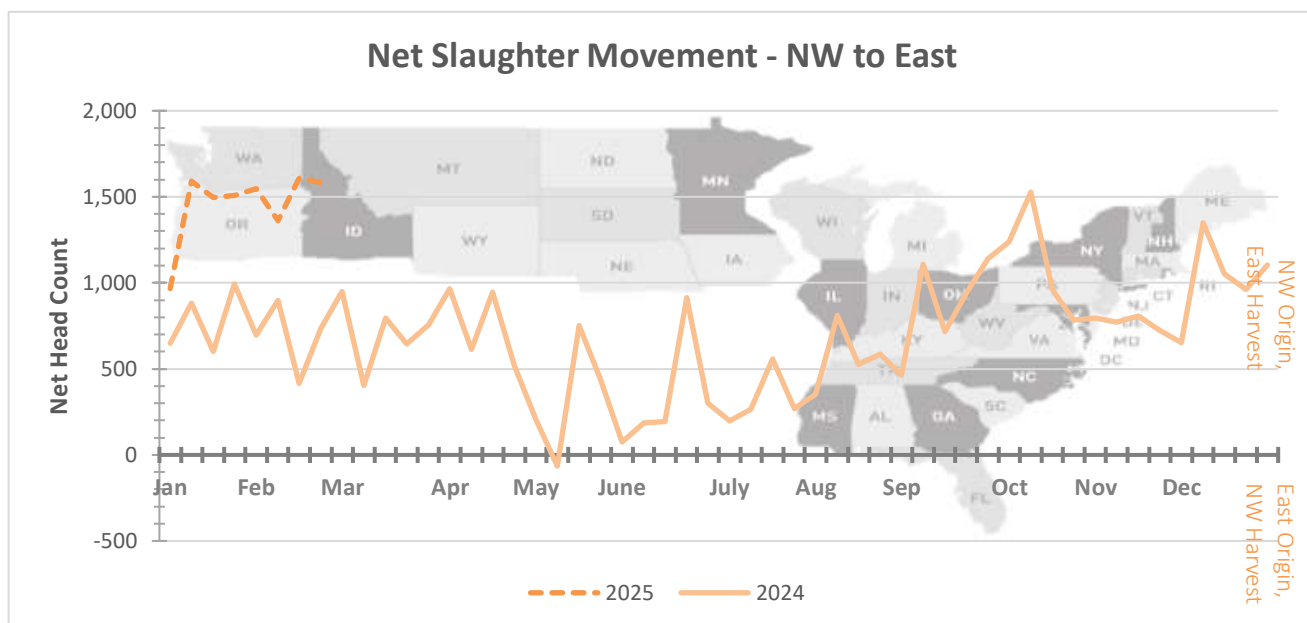
Graph Overview: <https://www.ams.usda.gov/sites/default/files/media/CowandBullMovementGraphOverview.pdf>



This graph illustrates the net slaughter movement from area to area. For example, when the line is in positive territory, there are more cows and bulls originating in the SW area and being transferred to the NW area for harvest. When the line is in negative territory, there are more cows and bulls originating in the NW area and being transferred to the SW area for harvest.



This graph illustrates the net slaughter movement from area to area. For example, when the line is in positive territory, there are more cows and bulls originating in the East area and being transferred to the SW area for harvest. When the line is in negative territory, there are more cows and bulls originating in the SW area and being transferred to the East area for harvest.



This graph illustrates the net slaughter movement from area to area. For example, when the line is in positive territory, there are more cows and bulls originating in the NW area and being transferred to the East area for harvest. When the line is in negative territory, there are more cows and bulls originating in the East area and being transferred to the NW area for harvest.